

L1 Data Representation Quiz ANS

1. Which hex digit corresponds to the 4-bit pattern 1101?

- A. 0xB
- B. 0xC
- C. 0xD
- D. 0xE

ANS:

2. Convert 10110_2 to decimal:

- A. 20
- B. 22
- C. 18
- D. 26

ANS:

3. In a 5-bit system, adding 28 and 6 sets which condition?

- A. No flags set
- B. Carry flag set
- C. Overflow flag set
- D. Zero flag set

ANS:

4. In a 5-bit system, $3 - 5$ results in which carry/borrow status?

- A. Carry=1 (Borrow=0)
- B. Carry=0 (Borrow=1)
- C. Carry=1 (Borrow=1)
- D. Carry=0 (Borrow=0)

ANS:

5. On ARM Cortex-M3, the borrow and carry flags relation is:

- A. Carry = Borrow
- B. Carry = NOT Borrow
- C. Borrow always 0
- D. Carry always 0

ANS:

6. In two's complement, $TC(x)$ can be obtained by:

- A. Invert bits
- B. Invert bits and subtract one
- C. Invert bits and add one
- D. Add one then invert bits

ANS:

7. In a 5-bit system, which statement is true about $-16 (10000_2)$?

- A. Its two's complement is 00000₂
- B. Its two's complement is itself
- C. It cannot be represented
- D. It equals +16

ANS:

8. Signed overflow can occur when:

- A. Adding operands with different signs
- B. Subtracting operands with the same sign

- C. Adding two negatives
- D. Subtracting a negative from a negative never overflows

ANS:

9. In CPSR after ADD/SUB, which flag denotes carry?

- A. N
- B. Z
- C. C
- D. V

ANS:

10. In a 5-bit system, to compute a+b for a=0b10000 and b=0b10000, software should check which flag if a,b are unsigned vs. signed, respectively?

- A. Unsigned→V, Signed→C
- B. Unsigned→C, Signed→V
- C. Unsigned→N, Signed→Z
- D. Unsigned→Z, Signed→N

ANS:

11. In a 5-bit system, the same binary addition can represent both unsigned $23+6=29$ and signed $-9+6=-3$ because:

- A. Adder interprets sign automatically
- B. Two's complement allows the same hardware; interpretation differs in software
- C. Hardware selects mode via a pin
- D. Only subtraction shares hardware

ANS:

12. For char str = "ARM Assembly", what must the final byte be and what is the string's size in Bytes?

- A. 0x00; 13
- B. 0x20; 12
- C. 0x41; 13
- D. 0x79; 12 (ASCII hex code for lowercase 'y' is 0x79)

ANS: